INSTRUCTION MANUAL

MODEL 182
2 MHz FUNCTION GENERATOR

INSTRUMENT SHOP

WAVETEK®

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MODEL 182
2 MHz
FUNCTION GENERATOR

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CONTENTS

SECTION 1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 THE MODEL 182 1-1
1.2 SPECIFICATIONS 1-1
1.2.1 Versatility 1-1
1.2.2 Frequency Precision 1-1
1.2.3 Amplitude Precision 1-1
1.2.4 Waveform Characteristics 1-2
1.2.5 General 1-2

SECTION 2 INSTALLATION

2.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION 2-1
2.2 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION 2-1
2.2.1 Power Connection 2-1
2.2.2 Signal Connections 2-1
2.3 ELECTRICAL ACCEPTANCE CHECK 2-1
2.4 CHANGING THE OUTPUT IMPEDANCE 2-2

SECTION 3 OPERATION

3.1 CONTROLS AND CONNECTIONS 3-1
3.2 OPERATION 3-2
3.2.1 Signal Termination 3-2
3.2.2 Manual Function Generator Operation 3-2
3.2.3 Voltage Controlled Function Generator Operation 3-2
3.2.4 Waveforms 3-3

SECTION 4 CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

4.1 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS 4-1

SECTION 5 ALIGNMENT

5.1 FACTORY REPAIR 5-1
5.2 REQUIRED TEST EQUIPMENT 5-1
5.3 REMOVING GENERATOR COVERS 5-1
5.4 ALIGNMENT 5-1

SECTION 6 TROUBLESHOOTING

6.1 FACTORY REPAIR 6-1
6.2 TROUBLESHOOTING TABLES 6-1
6.3 TROUBLESHOOTING INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS 6-1
6.3.1 Transistor 6-1
6.3.2 Diode 6-1
6.3.3 Operational Amplifier 6-1
6.3.4 FET Transistor 6-1
6.3.5 Capacitor 6-1
6.4 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS 6-2

SECTION 7 PARTS AND SCHEMATICS

7.1 DRAWINGS 7-1
7.2 ORDERING PARTS 7-1
7.3 ADDENDA 7-1

SAFETY

This instrument is wired for earth grounding via the facility power wiring. Do not bypass earth grounding with two wire extension cords, plug adapters, etc.

BEFORE PLUGGING IN the instrument, comply with installation instructions.

MAINTENANCE may require power on with the instrument covers removed. This should be done only by qualified personnel aware of the electrical hazards.

WARNING notes call attention to possible injury or death hazards in subsequent operations.

CAUTION notes call attention to possible equipment damage in subsequent operations.

SECTION 1
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 THE MODEL 182

Wavetek Model 182 Two MHz Function Generator is a precision source of sine, triangle and square waveforms plus dc voltage. All are front panel variable from 0.002 Hz to 2 MHz and can be externally modulated or swept over a 1000:1 range. Output can be continuous or the generator can be triggered or gated by an external signal or a front panel switch. Amplitude of the waveforms is variable from 10V peak-to-peak into 50Ω down to 30 mV p-p. DC reference of the waveforms can be offset positively or negatively.

The main waveform output is 20V peak-to-peak maximum and can be varied over a 30 dB range. A second waveform at 2V peak-to-peak maximum (20 dB attenuation) and a TTL level square at generator frequency are auxiliary outputs. Inputs are provided for external voltage controlled generator frequency (VCG) and for triggering and gating the generator.

1.2 SPECIFICATIONS

1.2.1 Versatility

Waveforms
Sine ∿ , triangle ∧ , square ⊓ , TTL pulse ⎍ and dc.

Operational Modes
Continuous: Generator runs continuously at selected frequency.

Triggered: Generator is quiescent until triggered by external signal or manual trigger, then generates one complete waveform cycle at selected frequency.

Gated: As triggered mode, except output continues for duration of gate signal. Last waveform started is completed.

Frequency Range
0.002 Hz to 2 MHz in 7 overlapping decade ranges:

×1	0.002 Hz to 2 Hz
×10	0.02 Hz to 20 Hz
×100	0.2 Hz to 200 Hz
×1K	2 Hz to 2 kHz
×10K	20 Hz to 20 kHz
×100K	200 Hz to 200 kHz
×1M	2 kHz to 2 MHz

Function Output
∿ , ∧ , ⊓ selectable and variable to 20V p-p (10V p-p into 50Ω) HI output, and to 2V p-p (1V p-p into 50Ω) LO output. Both outputs varied with a 30 dB vernier. Peak output current is 100 mA maximum (HI output) into 50Ω (200 mA peak into a short circuit). Source impedance is 50Ω.

DC Offset and DC Output
Waveform offset and dc output selectable and variable thru HI and LO BNC outputs. DC output selectable by not selecting a waveform function. HI output is ±10V max (±5V into 50Ω) as offset or Vdc output. Signal-peak plus offset limited to ±10V (±5V into 50Ω). LO output is ±1V max (±0.5V into 50Ω) as is signal-peak plus offset limit. DC offset plus waveform attenuated proportionately at LO (−20 dB) output.

TTL Pulse Output
TTL pulse (50% duty cycle) at generator frequency. Drives up to 20 TTL loads.

VCG — Voltage Controlled Generator
Up to 1000:1 frequency change with external 0 to ±2V signal. Upper and lower frequencies limited to maximum and minimum of selected range.
Slew Rate: 2% of range per μs.
Linearity:
±0.5% thru ×100K range; ±2% on ×1M range.
Input Impedance: 2 kΩ.

Trigger and Gate
Input: TTL compatible levels.
Pulse Width: 50 ns minimum.
Repetition Rate: 2 MHz maximum.

1.2.2 Frequency Precision

Dial Accuracy
±5% of full scale.

Time Symmetry
Square wave variation from 0.1 to 2.0 on dial less than: ±1% to 100 kHz; ±5% to 2 MHz.

1.2.3 Amplitude Precision

Sine variation with frequency less than:
±0.2 dB on all ranges thru ×100K; ±0.5 dB on ×1M range, referenced to 1 kHz.

1.2.4 Waveform Characteristics

Sine Distortion
Less than:
0.5% on ×1K and ×10K ranges; 1% on ×1, ×10, ×100 and ×100K ranges. All harmonics 30 dB below fundamental on ×1M range.

Triangle Linearity
Greater than 99% to 200 kHz.

Square Wave Rise and Fall Time
At HI output, less than 75 ns for 10V p-p output into 50Ω termination.

1.2.5 General

Environmental
Specifications apply at 25°C ±5°C. Instrument will operate from 0°C to 50°C ambient temperatures.

Dimensions
28.6 cm (11¼ in.) wide; 8.9 cm (3½ in.) high; 26.7 (10½ in.) deep.

Weight
2.7 kg (6 lb) net; 4.5 kg (10 lb) shipping.

Power
90 to 126V or 198 to 252V (specify); 48 to 66 Hz; less than 15 watts.

NOTE

All specifications apply for dial between 0.1 and 2.0; amplitude at 10V p-p from HI output into 50Ω termination.

SECTION 2
INSTALLATION

2.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

After unpacking the instrument, visually inspect all external parts for possible damage to connectors, surface areas, etc. If damage is discovered, file a claim with the carrier who transported the unit. The shipping container and packing material should be saved in case reshipment is required.

2.2 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

2.2.1 Power Connection

WARNING

To preclude injury or death due to shock, the third wire earth ground must be continuous to the facility power outlet. Before connecting to the facility power outlet, examine extension cords, autotransformers, etc., between the instrument and the facility power outlet for a continuous earth ground path. The earth ground path can be identified at the plug on the instrument power cord; of the three terminals, the earth ground terminal is the nonmatching shape, usually cylindrical.

CAUTION

To prevent damage to the instrument, check for proper match of line and instrument voltage and proper fuse type and rating.

NOTE

Unless otherwise specified at the time of purchase, this instrument was shipped from the factory with the power transformer configured for operation on a 90 to 126 Vac line supply and with a 1/4 amp slow blow fuse. Instruments configured for 198 to 252 Vac have a 1/8 amp slow blow fuse. (See figure 2-1.)

2.2.2 Signal Connections

Use 3 foot RG58U 50Ω shielded cables equipped with female BNC connectors to distribute all input and output signals.

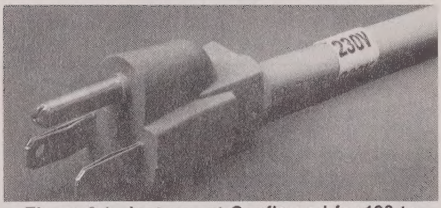


Figure 2-1. Instrument Configured for 198 to 252 Vac Operation

2.3 ELECTRICAL ACCEPTANCE CHECK

This checkout procedure is a general verification of generator operation. Should a malfunction be found, refer to the warranty in the front of this manual.

A two channel oscilloscope, four 3 foot 50Ω coax cables with female BNC connectors, a coax tee connector and an additional function generator are required for this procedure.

Preset the generator front panel controls as follows:

Control	Position
Dial	1.0
MODE	CONT (released)
FUNCTION	⎍
DC OFFSET	OFF (ccw)
AMPLITUDE	MAX (cw)
FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER	×1K

Set up the oscilloscope, Model 182 and external function generator as shown in figure 2-2 and perform the steps in table 2-1.

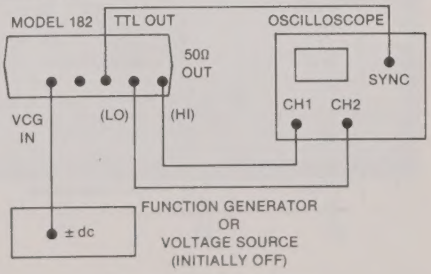


Figure 2-2. First Setup

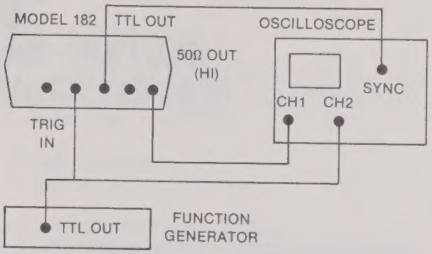


Figure 2-3. Second Setup

2.4 CHANGING THE OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

The output impedance is normally:

HI 10V p-p (50Ω source) into 50Ω.
LO 1V p-p (50Ω source) into 50Ω.

Amplitude is normally variable over 30 dB with −50 dB lowest possible amplitude.

If simultaneous 600Ω and 50Ω output impedances are desired:

1. Change value of R116 from 499Ω to 604Ω.
2. Remove R117.

The result is:

HI 10V p-p (50Ω source) into 50Ω.
LO 10V p-p (600Ω source) into 600Ω.

Amplitude is variable over 30 dB with −30 dB lowest possible amplitude. Square wave rise and fall time is less than 150 ns. Any value greater than 600Ω may also be substituted for the value of R116 for other output impedances.

To increase the range of the variable amplitude control in a modified unit beyond 30 dB, decrease the value of R92 as necessary. Waveform quality relative to the standard unit is not guaranteed below −30 dB and above 20 kHz.

Table 2-1. Initial Checkout

Step	Control	Position/Operation	Observation
1	POWER	ON.	±10V square wave on CH1 and ±1V on CH2. Return to CH1 only.
2	Dial	Rotate either direction. Return to 1.0.	Rotation ccw increases frequency of ⎍; rotation cw decreases frequency.
3	FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER	Press each switch sequentially; return to ×1K.	Frequency increases in decade steps, left to right.
4	AMPLITUDE	Rotate ccw.	Amplitude decreases.
5	DC OFFSET	Rotate cw. Return to OFF.	Output immediately offset negative, then moves positive. OFF returns it to original level.
6	AMPLITUDE	Rotate cw.	Square returns to original amplitude.
7	Function Generator or DC Voltage Source	Vary input dc voltage; then disconnect VCG IN input.	Frequency increases with positive voltage and decreases with negative voltage.
8	FUNCTION	Press ∿, ⎍, ∿.	Observe ∿, ⎍, ∿ waveforms.
9	MODE	Gate (CONT depressed, TRIG/GATE released).	A dc level near zero volts (except ⎍ function).
10	MAN TRIG	Press and hold.	Continuous ∿.
Set up trigger source as shown in figure 2-3. Set trigger source for 100 Hz TTL signal.			
11	————	————	∿ gated on during positive portion of TTL signal on CH2.
12	Trigger/Gate	Trigger (depressed).	One ∿ cycle per trigger cycle.

SECTION 3
OPERATION

3.1 CONTROLS AND CONNECTIONS

The generator front panel controls and connectors are shown in figure 3-1 and keyed to the following descriptions.

1 Frequency Dial — Settings under the dial index mark summed with **14** and multiplied by **3** determine the output signal frequency.

2 POWER Button — Turns generator ON and OFF.

3 FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER Controls — Selects one of seven frequency multipliers for dial **1** setting.

4, 5 Generator MODE Controls — Selects one of following three modes:

CONT — **4** released. Continuous output at 50Ω OUT **10** and **11** and SYNC OUT (TTL) **12** connectors.

TRIG — **4** and **5** depressed. DC level output until generator triggered by the MAN TRIG **6** or with a signal at the TRIG IN connector **13** . When triggered, the generator output is one cycle of waveform followed by a dc level.

GATE — **4** depressed and **5** released. As for TRIG except the output is continuous for the duration of the manual or external trigger signal. The last cycle started is always completed.

6 Manual Trigger Button — Triggers or gates the output signals when generator mode is TRIG or GATE (**4** depressed). In trigger mode, one waveform cycle is output when the button is pushed. In gate mode, waveform cycles are continuously output as long as the button is held in.

7 FUNCTION Selector — Selects one of three waveforms or when all three buttons are released, a dc level.

8 DC OFFSET Control — Offsets the 50Ω OUT waveforms or gives dc levels from −10V to +10V (−5V to +5V into 50Ω) at **10** and from −1V to +1V (−0.5V to +0.5V into 50Ω) at **11** . An OFF position ensures no offset.

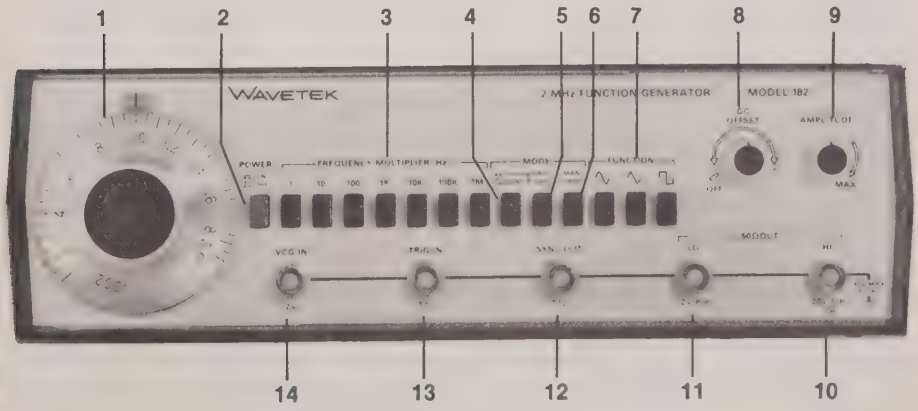


Figure 3.1 Controls and Connectors

9 AMPLITUDE Control — Ccw rotation reduces waveform amplitudes at **10** and **11** by 30 dB. DC and offset voltages are not affected by this control.

10 50Ω OUT HI Connector — The main output of the generator at the function selected. Maximum 20V p-p (10V p-p into 50Ω) with 30 dB continuous amplitude control. 50Ω source impedance.

11 50Ω OUT LO Connector — Same as **10** except 20 dB (1/10) lower in amplitude.

12 TTL OUT Connector — A TTL square for each cycle of the generator. To be used for synchronization or as a TTL signal capable of driving 20 TTL loads.

13 TRIG IN Connector — Accepts a TTL signal to trigger or gate the generator. Triggers on the rising (low to high) transition and gates during the positive (high) portion of the triggering signal.

14 VCG IN Connector — Accepts ac or dc voltages to proportionately control frequency within the range determined by the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER **3** . Positive voltage increases the frequency set by the dial **1** ; negative voltage decreases the frequency. The VCG IN will not drive the generator frequency beyond the normal dial limits of a range. Input impedance is 2 kΩ.

3.2 OPERATION

Perform the initial checkout in Section 2 for the feel of the instrument. Any questions concerning individual controls and connectors may be answered in paragraph 3.1.

3.2.1 Signal Termination

Proper signal termination, or loading, of the generator connectors is necessary for its specified operation. For example, the proper termination of either of the 50Ω OUT connectors is shown in figure 3-2. Placing the 50 ohm terminator, or 50 ohm resistance, in parallel with a higher impedance, matches the receiving instrument input impedance to the coax characteristic and generator output impedance, thereby minimizing signal reflection or power loss on the line due to impedance mismatch.

The input and output impedances of the generator connectors are listed below.

Connector	Impedance
50Ω OUT (HI)	50Ω
50Ω OUT (LO)	50Ω
SYNC OUT (TTL)	*
TRIG IN	*
VCG IN	2 kΩ

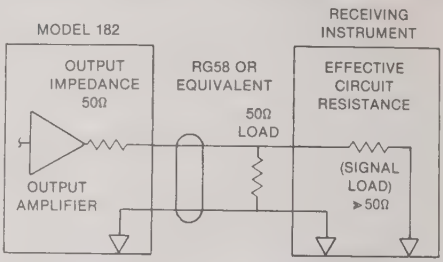


Figure 3-2. Signal Termination

*The TTL OUT connector is diode protected and can drive up to 20 Transistor-Transistor-Logic (TTL) loads (low level between 0V and 0.4V, and high level between 2.4V and 5V). It should not be connected to a resistive load less than 600Ω. The TRIG IN connector accepts TTL logic levels, is diode protected, and requires 500 μA drive from a high level output.

3.2.2 Manual Function Generator Operation

For basic operation, select the waveform frequency and amplitude. The following steps demonstrate manual control of the function generator. (Bold numbers are keys to figure 3-1.)

Step	Control/Connector	Setting
1	50Ω OUT **10, 11**	Connect circuit to either output (refer to paragraph 3.2.1).
2	FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER **3**	Set to desired range of frequency.
3	Frequency Dial **1**	Set to desired frequency within the range.
4	FUNCTION **7**	Set to desired waveform.
5	DC OFFSET **8**	Set as desired. Limit waveform amplitude to prevent clipping (see figure 3-3).
6	AMPLITUDE **9**	Select for desired amplitude.

3.2.3 Voltage Controlled Function Generator Operation

Operation as a voltage controlled function generator (VCG) is as for a manually controlled function generator, only the frequency within particular ranges is additionally controlled by an external voltage (±2V excursions) injected at the VCG IN connector. Perform the steps given in paragraph 3.2.2, only set the frequency dial to determine a reference from which the frequency is to be voltage controlled.

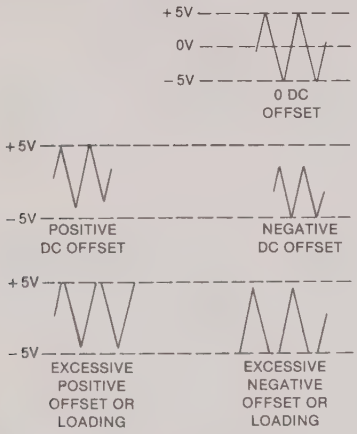


Figure 3-3. DC OFFSET Control

1. For frequency control with positive dc inputs at VCG IN, set the dial for a lower frequency limit.

2. For frequency control with negative dc inputs at VCG IN, set the dial for an upper frequency limit.

3. For modulation with an ac input at VCG IN, set the dial at the desired center frequency. Do not exceed the maximum dial range of the selected frequency range.

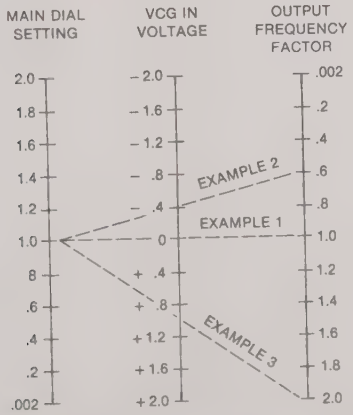


Figure 3-4. VCG Voltage-to-Frequency Nomograph

Figure 3-4 is a nomograph with examples of dial and voltage effects. Example 1 shows that with 0V VCG input, frequency is determined by the main dial setting, 1.0 in this example. Example 2 shows that with a positive VCG input, output frequency is increased. Example 3 shows that with a negative VCG input, output frequency is decreased. (Note that the Output Frequency Factor column value must be multiplied by a frequency range multiplier to give the actual output frequency.)

NOTE

Nonlinear operation may result when the VCG input voltage is excessive; that is, when the attempted generator frequency exceeds the range limits. The upper limit is twice the multiplier setting, and the lower limit is 1/1000th of the upper limit.

The up to 1000:1 VCG sweep of the generator frequencies available in each range results from a 2V excursion at the VCG IN connector. With the frequency dial set to 2.0, excursions between −2V and 0V at VCG IN provide the up to 1000:1 frequency sweep. With the dial set to .002, excursions between 0V and +2V at VCG IN provide the up to 1000:1 sweep within the set frequency range.

3.2.4 Waveforms

See figure 3-5 for definition of controllable waveform characteristics.

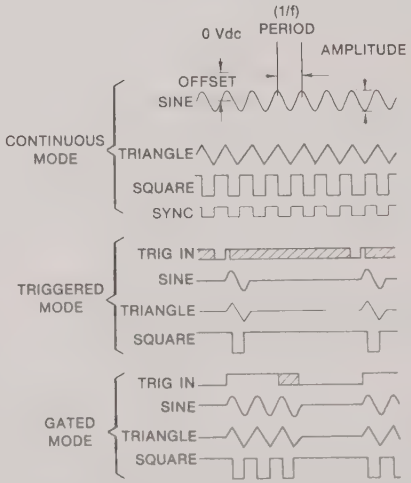


Figure 3-5. Waveform Characteristics

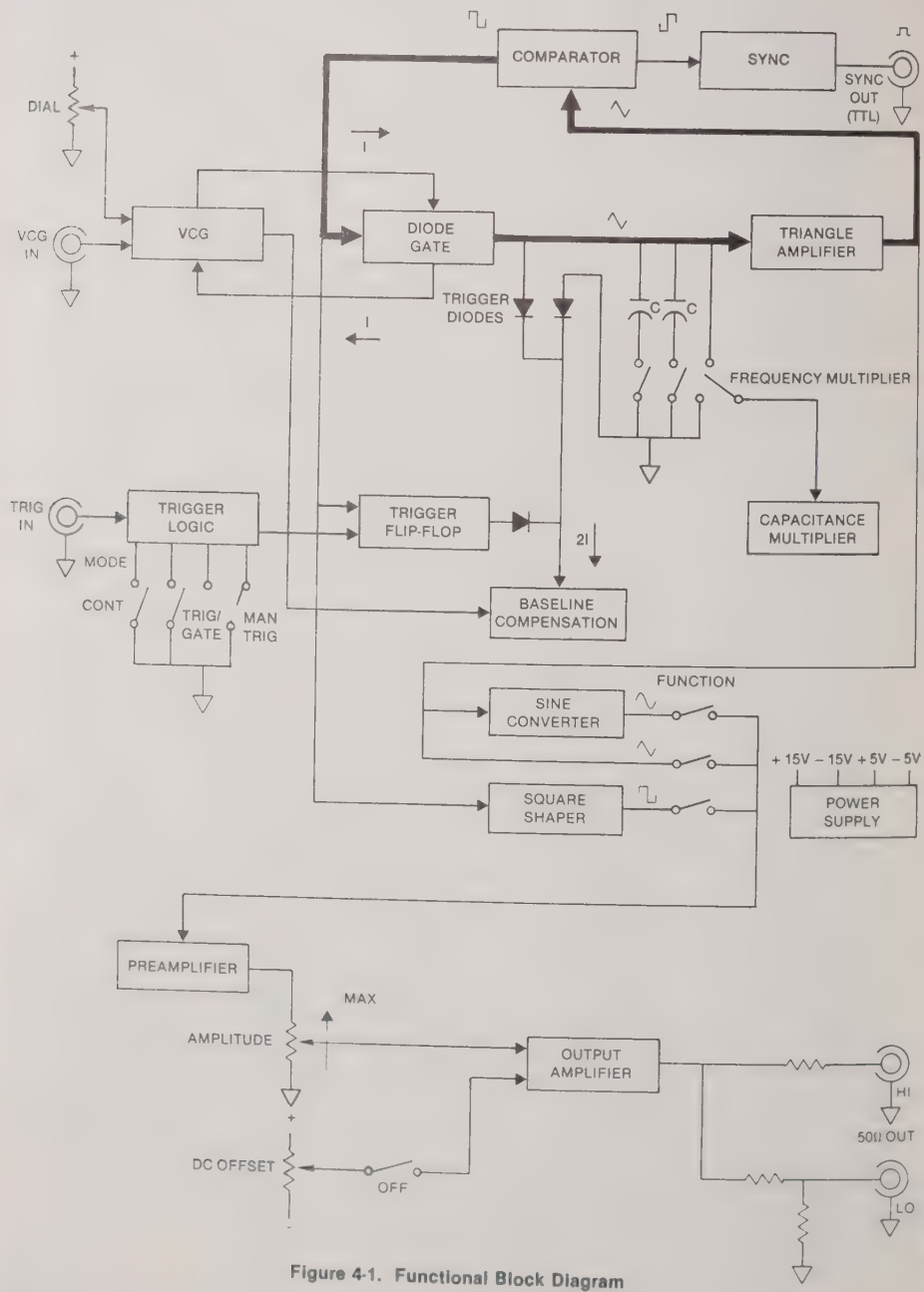


Figure 4-1. Functional Block Diagram

SECTION 4
CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

4.1 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS

This section describes the functions of major circuit elements and their relationships to one another as shown in figure 4-1, functional block diagram. The following sections in this manual provide more detailed information for maintaining the instrument.

As shown in figure 4-1, the VCG sums voltage inputs from the frequency dial and the VCG IN connector. This sum voltage controls the magnitude of a complementary current source and current sink. This current varies linearily from 1 mA to 1 μA and over the 1000:1 (2.0 to .002) range of each frequency multiplier. The VCG also controls the trigger baseline compensation circuit, which consists of another current sink at twice the current magnitude.

The diode gate, controlled by the comparator output, connects either the current source or the current sink to the timing capacitor selected by the frequency multiplier. When the current source is switched in, the charge on the timing capacitor will rise linearily, producing the positive-going triangle slope. Likewise, the current sink produces the negative-going triangle slope.

The triangle amplifier is a unity gain amplifier whose output is fed to the comparator and to the output circuits. The comparator operates as a window detector with limit points set to the triangle peaks. The ± 2V output is sent back to the diode gate and to the output circuits. When the output is $+2$V, the triangle is positive-going until the $+1.25$V limit is reached and the comparator output switches to -2V. When the output is -2V, the triangle is negative-going until the -1.25V limit is reached and the comparator output switches back to $+2$V, repeating the process. In this manner, the basic function generator loop, the bold path in figure 4-1, produces simultaneous generation of triangle and square waves at the same frequency.

The output frequency is determined by the magnitude of the timing capacitor selected by the frequency multiplier switches and by the magnitude of the currents supplied to and removed from it. Since the currents are linearily proportional to the sum of the VCG inputs, so will be the output frequency.

To extend the lower frequency capability of the generator, a capacitance multiplier circuit divides VCG currents by 10 (effectively multiplying the timing capacitor by 10) for each of the lower 3 multiplier ranges.

The TTL square from one side of the comparator is buffered and sent to the SYNC OUT TTL connector. The other side is sent to the trigger flip-flop and to a level shifter to produce the ± 2V bipolar square for the diode gate and the square shaper circuits. The square shaper converts the square into a current signal and applies it to the ⎍ FUNCTION switch. The buffered tringle is applied to the ∿ FUNCTION switch and to the sine converter input. The sine converter, using the nonlinear characteristics of its diodes, converts the triangle into a sinusoidal current for the ∿ FUNCTION switch.

The selected function is sent to the preamplifier, where it is inverted and buffered. The preamplifier output goes to the output amplifier through the AMPLITUDE control where it is summed with offset voltage from the DC OFFSET control. Here, waveform and offset are inverted and amplified to a 10V peak signal which can drive a 50Ω termination from a 50Ω source impedance. The output amplifier drives the 50Ω OUT HI connector and a resistor divider producing the 50Ω OUT LO output.

Noncontinuous modes of operation (trigger and gate) result from allowing or preventing the VCG current source from charging the timing capacitor. Whenever the trigger flip-flop output is low, each of the two trigger diodes conduct a current I, sourcing 2I to the baseline compensation circuit. This removes the current I from the VCG current source and forces a 0V baseline at the triangle amplifier input.

When the CONT switch is released, trigger logic is inhibited from passing any trigger signals and the trigger flip-flop output is held high. This prevents the trigger diodes from conducting and the generator loop operates continuously.

When the CONT switch is depressed, the generator loop is held at the 0V baseline. Depressing the TRIG/GATE switch puts the instrument in triggered mode and any external or manual trigger signals at the trigger logic input will be transformed into a narrow pulse corresponding to the low-to-high transition of the trigger input. This pulse sets the trigger flip-flop high and allows the generator loop to run. When the triangle negative peak is reached, the comparator low-to-high transition clocks the trigger flip-flop low

and, when the 0V baseline level is reached, the generator loop again stops. The result is a single waveform generated after the triggering signal corresponding to 0 to 360° of phase. Successive triggered waveforms always start at the same 0° point.

Releasing the TRIG/GATE switch puts the instrument in the gated mode. This is identical to the triggered mode, except the trigger flip-flop is held high for the full duration of the triggering signal. The generator produces continuous waveforms during the time the external signal is high or the manual trigger switch is held in. The last triggered cycle started is always completed and successive gated bursts always start at the 0° point.

SECTION 5
ALIGNMENT

5.1 FACTORY REPAIR

Wavetek maintains a factory repair department for those customers not possessing the necessary personnel or test equipment to maintain the instrument. If an instrument is returned to the factory for alignment or repair, a detailed description of the specific problem should be attached to minimize turnaround time.

5.2 REQUIRED TEST EQUIPMENT

Voltmeter Millivolt dc measurement (1% accuracy)
Oscilloscope . ≥60 MHz bandwidth
Counter 2 MHz (0.1% accuracy)
50Ω Feedthru . . . . . ±1% accuracy, 2W
Distortion Analyzer . . . . . To 200 kHz
RG58U Coax Cable . . . 3 ft length BNC male contacts

5.3 REMOVING GENERATOR COVERS

1. Invert the instrument and remove the four screws in the bottom cover.

2. Turn the instrument upright; remove the top cover for access to generator alignment controls.

3. When alignment is complete, secure the bottom cover with four screws.

NOTE

Remove the cover only when it is necessary to make adjustments or measurements.

5.4 ALIGNMENT

After referring to the following preliminary data, perform alignment, as necessary, per table 5-1. If performing partial alignment, check previous settings and adjustments for applicability. See figure 5-1 for alignment control location.

1. All measurements made at the FUNCTION OUT connector must be terminated into a 50Ω (±1%) load.

2. Start the alignment by connecting the unit to an appropriate ac power source and setting the front panel switches as follows.

   POWER . . . . . ON
   Frequency Dial 2.0
   FREQ MULT (Hz) . . . . . ×1K
   MODE . . . . . CONT
   FUNCTION . . . . . ⎍
   DC OFFSET . . . . . OFF
   AMPLITUDE . . . . . MAX

3. Allow the unit to warm up at least 30 minutes for final alignment. Keep the instrument cover on to maintain heat. Remove cover only to make adjustments or measurements.

Table 5-1. Model 182 Alignment

Step	Check	Tester	Test Point	Control Setting	Adjust	Result	Remark
1	Power Supply	Voltmeter	C5+	Paragraph 5.4, step 2		+15V ±5%	Verify
2			C7-			−15V ±5%	
3			C14+			+5V ±5%	
4			C15−			−5V ±5%	
5	Capacitance Multiplier Zero		TP1		R120	0V ±10 mV	

Table 5-1. Model 182 Alignment (Continued)

Step	Check	Tester	Test Point	Control Setting	Adjust	Result	Remark
6	VCG Null	Scope	50Ω OUT HI (terminate into 50Ω)	DIAL: 002 FREQ MULT 10K	R9	Minimum frequency shift	Set scope for 1 or 2 cycles. Observe shift in trailing edge of cycle as VCG IN is alternately shorted and opened
7	Bottom of Dial Symmetry				R14	Equalize + and − half cycles	Steps 7 and 8 interact.
8	Bottom of Dial Frequency	Counter			R4	50 ms	
9	Top of Dial Frequency (1 kHz to 100 kHz)			DIAL 2.0	R6	20 kHz	
10				FREQ MULT 1K		2 kHz	
11				FREQ MULT 100K		200 kHz	If necessary, trim 200 kHz with C20
12	×1 MHz Frequency			FREQ MULT 1M	R5	2 MHz	
13	Capacitance Multiplier Frequency			FREQ MULT: 100	R47	200 Hz	
14				FREQ MULT. 10		50 ms	
15				FREQ MULT 1		500 ms	
16	Sine Distortion	Distortion Analyzer	50Ω OUT HI (terminate into 50Ω)	FUNCTION Sine FREQ MULT: 1K	R59, R81	Minimum distortion	It may be necessary to reduce amplitude to 5V peak
17	Sine Amplitude	Scope			R88	10V p-p $^{+\ 3V}_{-\ 0V}$	
18	Output Offset	Voltmeter			R78	0V ± 20 mV	
19	Baseline Zero	Scope		MODE: TRIG	R73	0V ± 100 mV	If necessary, trim with R25

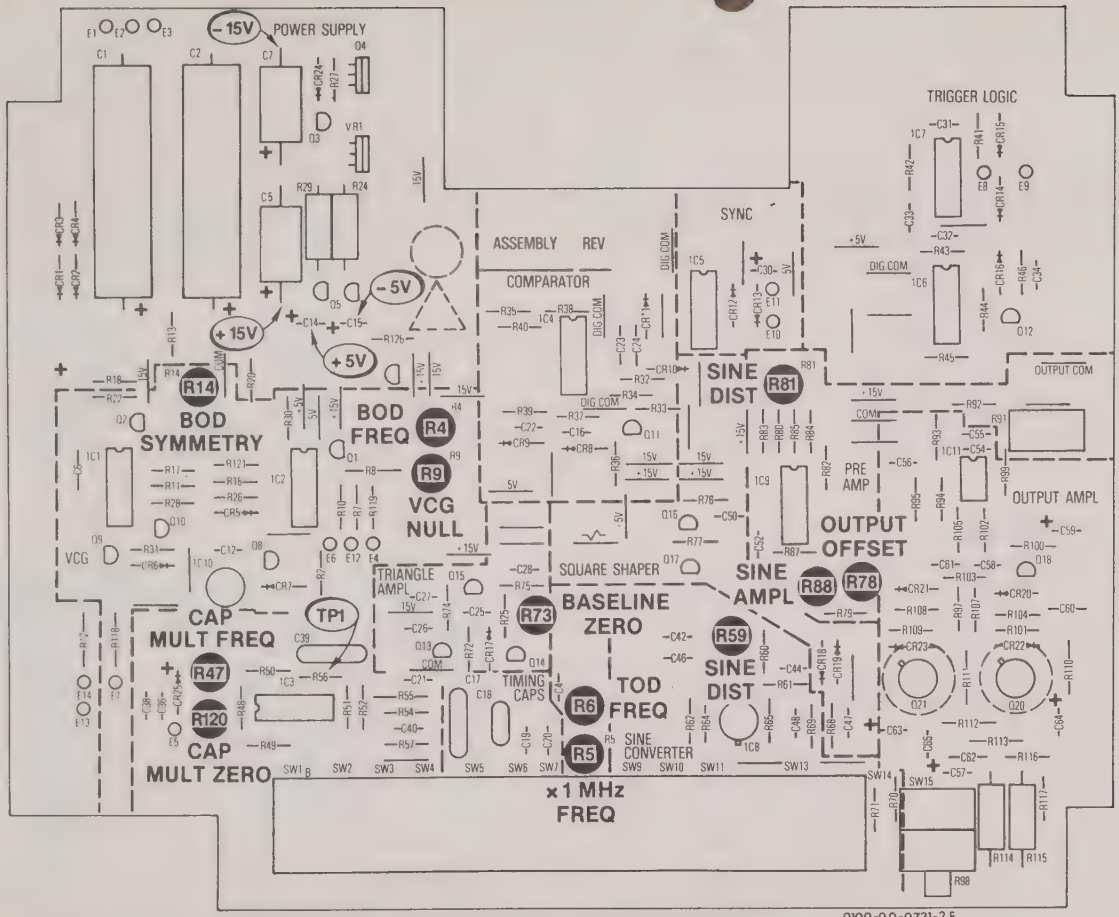


Figure 5-1. Alignment Point Location

0100-00-0731-2 E

SECTION 6
TROUBLESHOOTING

6.1 FACTORY REPAIR

Wavetek maintains a factory repair department for those customers not possessing the necessary personnel or test equipment to maintain the instrument. If an instrument is returned to the factory for alignment or repair, a detailed description of the specific problem should be attached to minimize turnaround time.

6.2 TROUBLESHOOTING TABLES

Table 6-1 gives an index of the troubleshooting tables by indications of common problems. The tables do not cover every possible trouble, but, when used in conjunction with circuit descriptions and schematics, will be an aid in systematically isolating faulty components.

6.3 TROUBLESHOOTING INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

6.3.1 Transistor

1. A transistor is defective if more than one volt is measured across its base-emitter junction in the forward direction.

2. A transistor when used as a switch may have a few volts reverse bias voltage across base-emitter junction.

3. If the collector and emitter voltages are the same, but the base emitter voltage is less than 500 mV forward voltage (or reversed bias), the transistor is defective.

4. A transistor is defective if its base current is larger than 10% of its emitter current (calculate currents from voltage across the base and emitter series resistors).

5. In a transistor differential pair (common emitter stages), either their base voltages are the same in normal operating condition, or the one with less forward voltage across its base emitter junction should be off (no collector current); otherwise, one of the transistors is defective.

6.3.2 Diode

A diode (except a zener) is defective if there is greater than one volt (typically 0.7 volt) forward voltage across it.

6.3.3 Operational Amplifier

1. The "+" and "−" inputs of an operational amplifier will have less than 15 mV voltage difference when operating under normal conditions.

2. When the output of the amplifier is connected to the "−" input (voltage follower connection), the output should be the same voltage as the "+" input voltage; otherwise, the operational amplifier is defective.

3. If the output voltage stays at maximum positive, the "+" input voltage should be more positive than the "−" input voltage, or vice versa; otherwise, the operational amplifier is defective.

6.3.4 FET Transistor

1. No gate current should be drawn by the gate of an FET transistor. If so, the transistor is defective.

2. The gate-to-source voltage is always reverse biased under a normal operating condition; e.g., the source voltage is more positive than the gate voltage for 2N5485, and the source voltage is more negative than gate voltage for a 2N5462. Otherwise, the FET is defective.

3. If the device supplying gate voltage to an FET saturates, the FET has too large a Vgs (pinch off) for the circuit and should be replaced.

6.3.5 Capacitor

1. Shorted capacitors have zero volts across their terminals.

2. Opened capacitor can be located (but not always) by using a good capacitor connected in parallel with the capacitor under test and observing the resulting effect.

6.4 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

When encountering a problem, it is advisable to return as many of the front panel controls as possible to their initial settings and still retain the problem. The troubleshooting tables in this section generally begin at these initial settings and specify all subsequent setups. Preset the front panel controls as follows.

Control	Position
Frequency Dial	2.0
POWER	ON
FREQ MULT (Hz)	1K
FUNCTION	⊓⊔
DC OFFSET	OFF
AMPLITUDE	MAX

CAUTION

To prevent damage to components, turn unit off while removing or replacing components, connectors or pc boards.

The suspected malfunctioning condition should be double checked to eliminate the possibility of improper settings or connections. Before attempting fault isolation, the unit should be checked for proper line voltage selection (refer to Section 2). A good visual inspection of the boards and chassis wires for damage or overheating often saves much time.

Once the malfunction is defined, begin the isolation procedure by selecting an indication in table 6-1 which best describes the malfunction and proceed to the referenced troubleshooting table.

Follow through the checks in the troubleshooting table, using schematics and assemblies as a guide. When positive results are not obtained, perform the indicated corrective procedure.

Table 6-1. Fault Isolation

Indication	Table
1. Fuse blown, no power indication or no outputs.	6-2
2. Function outputs missing or clipped when TTL sync OK. Triangle problem.	6-3
3. Sine waveform problem.	6-4
4. Square waveform problem.	6-5
5. TTL sync output problem.	6-6
6. Generator frequency does not respond correctly to dial and VCG input.	6-7
7. Waveform symmetry problem.	6-8
8. Problem on bottom three ranges only.	6-9
9. Generator trigger and gate mode problem.	6-10

Table 6-2. Power Supplies and Generator Loop

Indication: Fuse blown, no power indication or no outputs.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set all controls in their initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	
2. Ensure line voltage matches instrument configuration (refer to Section 2). Check fuse.	Replace fuse; check for normal operation.
3. Check C1 (+) and C2 (−) for ±20 to 26V unregulated dc.	a. CR1 - CR4. b. C1, C2. c. SW1 d. T1, RV1, F1 (bracket assembly).
4. Check indicator lamp.	DS1 and E13, E14 wiring.
5. Check C5 (+) for +15 Vdc.	a. VR1 b. Excessive loading; use board jumpers to isolate cause
6. Check C7 (−) for −15 Vdc	a. Q4 b. IC1, Q3 c. Excessive loading; use board jumpers to isolate cause

Table 6-2. Power Supplies and Generator Loop (Continued)

Indication: Fuse blown, no power indication or no outputs.

Check	If Faulty, Check
7. Check IC4 pin 14 for +5 Vdc and IC4 pin 13 for −5 Vdc.	a. Q5, Q6, IC2. b. Excessive loading; use board jumpers to isolate cause.
8. Check IC2 pin 6 for a dc shift from approximately +3 to +8.5V as the frequency dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002. Check IC1 pin 9 for a dc shift from −3 to −8.5V as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002.	Go to table 6-7.
9. Check anode CR7 for approximately +3.5 Vdc.	Go to table 6-10.
10. If emitter Q15 has a 2 kHz, ±1.25V triangle, go to table 6-3.	
11. Check for the same voltage at the gate of Q13 as at the emitter of Q15, within saturation limits of the amplifier.	Q13 - Q15 and associated circuitry.
12. If the voltage at the emitter of Q15 is ≥ +1.25V, check cathode CR11 for approximately −2.5V. If the voltage at the emitter of Q15 is ≤ −1.25V, check cathode CR11 for approximately +2.5V.	IC4, Q11 and associated circuitry.
13. Check IC10.	

Table 6-3. Output Circuits

Indication: Function outputs missing or clipped when TTL sync output OK. Problem with triangle waveform.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation.
2. Check emitter Q15 for a 2.kHz, ±1.25V triangle.	Go to table 6-2.
3. Select triangle function, rotate AMPLITUDE ccw, and check IC9 pin 10 for a ±1.25V triangle.	a. R78, R81 adjustments. b. IC9. c. SW13.
4. Rotate AMPLITUDE cw (MAX), DC OFFSET to OFF, and check 50Ω OUT (HI) for a 20V p-p (open circuit) triangle.	a. Output amplifier circuit. b. E15, E16 wiring.
5. Check for excessive discontinuities at the triangle peaks near the bottom of a frequency range (other than ×1 to ×100).	a. IC10. b. SQR signal at cathode CR11 not ±2.5V.
6. Check for nonlinearities in the triangle slopes near the bottom of a frequency range (other than ×1 to ×100).	a. Associated timing capacitor or C21. b. IC10, CR7. c. Q13, Q14.
7. Check for a waveform symmetry problem.	Go to table 6-8.

Table 6-4. Sine Conversion

Indication: Sine waveform problem.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation.
2. Check emitter Q15 for a 2 kHz, ±1.25V triangle.	Go to table 6-2.
3. Verify that the ±1.25V triangle peaks at the emitter of Q15 agree within 3%	a. R36, R37, R39, R40. b. CR8, CR9, IC4. c. ±15V supplies.
4. Select triangle function; check for ±1.25V triangle at IC9 pin 10.	Go to table 6-3, step 3.
5. Select sine function; check for ±1.25V sine at IC9 pin 10.	a. IC8 circuitry. b. SW12.
6. Check sine distortion 50Ω OUT (HI) per calibration procedure (refer to table 5.1).	a. R59, R81 adjustments. b. Waveform symmetry, R14 adjustment and table 6-8. c. IC8 circuitry.
7 Check sine amplitude vs frequency per specifications (refer to section 1)	C42, C44, C52, C56

Table 6-5. Square Function

Indication: Square waveform problem.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation.
2. Check CR11 cathode for a 2 kHz, approximately ±2V square wave.	Go to table 6-2.
3. Select a triangle function; check IC9 pin 10 for a ±1.25V triangle.	Go to table 6-3.
4. Select square function; check IC9 pin 10 for a ±1.25V square.	a. Q16, Q17 circuitry. b. SW14.
5 Check square wave at 50Ω OUT (HI) for the same 20V p-p (open circuit amplitude as the triangle and sine.	R68, R76, R77
6. Check rise/fall times of 2 MHz square (50Ω terminated) for <75 ns.	C47, C52, C56.

Table 6-6. TTL Sync Output

Indication: TTL sync output problem.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation.
2. Check IC5 pin 1 for a TTL level, 2 kHz square.	Go to table 6-2.
3. Check IC5 pin 8 for a TTL level, 2 kHz square.	a. IC5. b. CR12, CR13.
4. Check SYNC OUT TTL.	E10, E19 wiring.
5. Check SYNC OUT waveform at 2 MHz, using a TTL load termination or a ≥600Ω resistive termination and ≤3 foot RG58U coax.	a. IC5 b. E19 ground connection.

Table 6-7. VCG Circuit

Indication: Generator frequency does not respond correctly to dial and VCG input.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation.
2. Check for approximately +9V at IC2 pin 10.	a. E5 - E7. b. CR25. c. Dial potentiometer.
3. Check for the same voltage at IC2 pin 8 and at the junction of R6 and C4.	a. IC2. b. SW8-B.
4. Check for 0V ±5 mV at IC2 pin 13.	a. R9 adjustment. b. IC2. c. Q1, R11, CR6.
5. Ensure that as the dial is rotated to .002, the voltage at IC2 pin 14 does not saturate at near +15V and stop varying with the dial.	Q1.
6. Check that as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002, IC1 pins 12 and 13 vary from approximately −3 to −8.5V.	a. IC1, Q2. b. CR5, CR6. c. R16, R17.
7. Ensure that as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002, the voltage at IC1 pin 14 does not saturate at near −15V and stop varying with the dial.	Q2.
8. Check that as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002, IC1 pins 9 and 10 vary from approximately −3 to −8.5V.	a. IC1, Q10. b. R28. c. IC10, Q11 circuit.
9. Ensure that as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002, the voltage at IC1 pin 8 does not saturate at near −15V and stop varying with the dial.	Q10.
10. Check that as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002, IC2 pins 5 and 6 vary from approximately +3 to +8.5V.	a. IC2, Q8. b. R26. c. IC10, Q11 circuit.
11. Ensure that as the dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002, the voltage at IC2 pin 7 does not saturate at near +15V and stop varying with the dial.	Q8.
12. Check for nonlinearity in the ±1.25V triangle at the emitter of Q15 near the bottom of the ×1K through ×1M ranges.	a. Associated timing capacitors or C21. b. IC10, CR7. c. Q13, Q14.
13. Check frequencies of ×1K, ×10K and ×100K ranges.	a. R6 adjustment. b. C17-C19 (trimmed by C20).
14. Check frequency and linearity of ×1M range.	a. R5 adjustment. b. C21 (nominal value). c. C16, C22 trims.
15. Check frequencies of ×1, ×10, ×100 ranges.	R47 adjustment and table 6-9.

Table 6-8. Symmetry

Indication: Waveform symmetry problem.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1 Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation.
2. If symmetry problem appears on ×1, ×10, ×100 ranges only, problem may be R120 adjustment or go to table 6-9.	
3. Perform steps 5 through 12 of table 6-7, then return to this table.	a. R14 adjustment. b. R16, R17, R26, R28 matching.
4. Verify RUN signal at cathode CR7 is approximately +3.5V.	Go to table 6-10.
5. Verify IC1 pin 6 varies from approximately −3 to −8.5V as dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002.	IC1, Q9, R31.
6. Verify amplitude of SQR signal at cathode CR11 is approximately ±2V.	a. Q11 circuit. b. IC4 circuit. c. +5V supply.
7 Check IC10, CR7.	

Table 6-9. Capacitance Multiplier

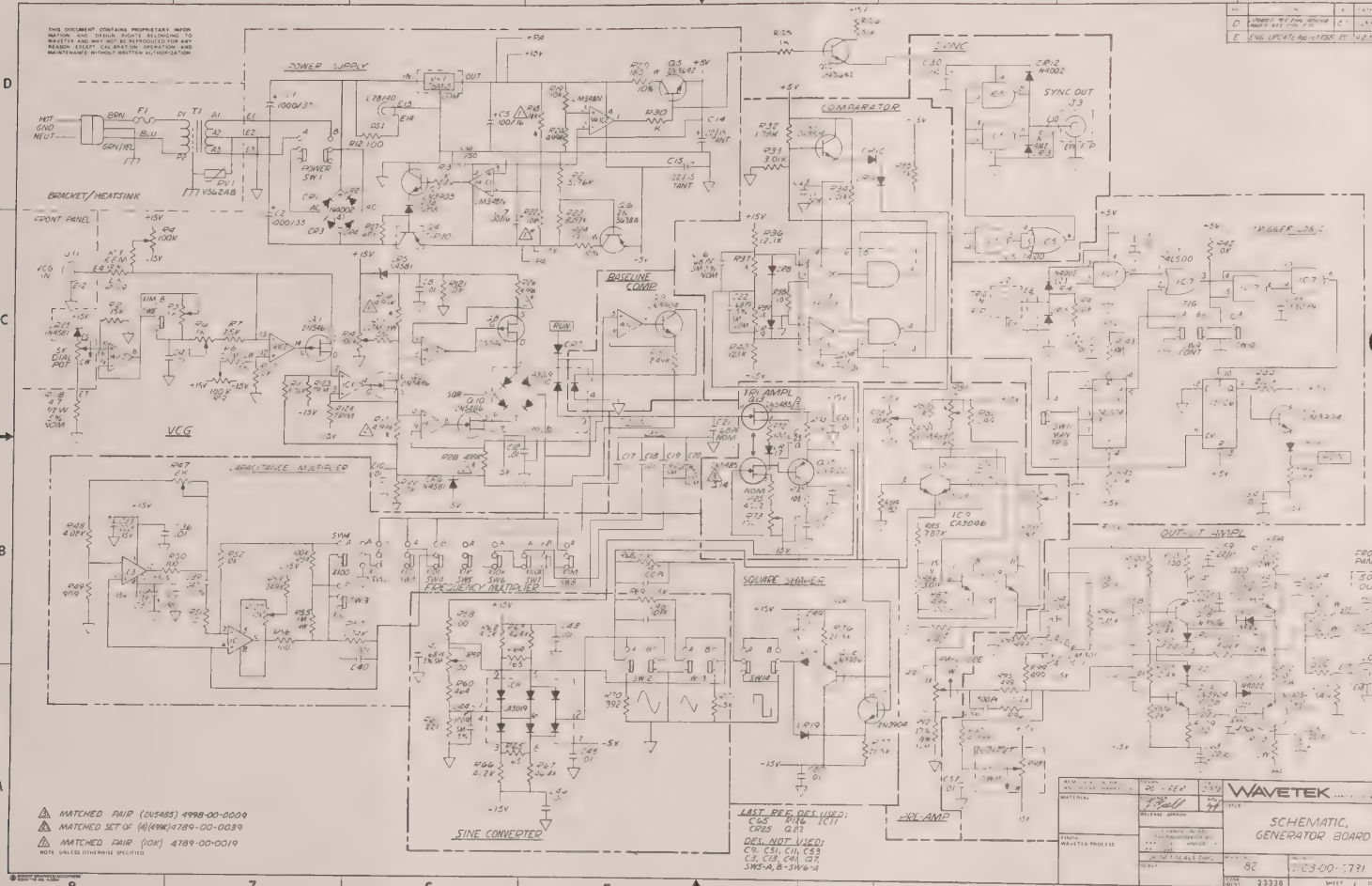
Indication: Problem on bottom frequency ranges only.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal operation on ×1K range.
2. Check for 0 Vdc at IC3 pins 2 and 6.	SW2 - SW4.
3. Check for approximately 0 Vdc at IC3 pin 12.	IC3 circuitry.
4. Check for 0 Vdc ±5 mV at IC3 pin 10.	a. R120 adjustment. b. IC3 circuitry.
5. Select ×100 range; check IC3 pin 10 for heavy oscillations.	C40, IC3.
6 Check that the signal at IC3 pin 2 is amplified by approximately 6 at pin 12 (within saturation limits).	IC3 circuitry.
7. Check for the same signal at IC3 pins 6 and 7 as at the emitter of Q15.	SW4, IC3 circuitry.
8. Ensure that R54 and R55 are shorted in the ×100 range.	SW4.
9. Check 200 Hz frequency (2.0×100).	a. R47 adjustment. b. R52, R57, C39.
10. Check 20 Hz frequency (2.0×10).	R54, SW3
11. Check 2 Hz frequency (2.0×1).	R55.
12. Check symmetry at 0.1×100; ensure triangle is linear.	a. R120 adjustment. b. IC3. c. Leaky C17, C21, C39, C40, CR7, IC10, Q13.

Table 6-10. Trigger Logic

Indication: Generator trigger and gate mode problems.

Check	If Faulty, Check
1. Set controls to initial positions (refer to paragraph 6.4).	Check for normal continuous operation.
2. If generator operates normally in continuous mode, go to step 7.	
3. Check for 0V at IC7 pins 2 and 5.	SW9.
4. Check for a TTL low at IC6 pin 10.	IC7, +5V supply.
5. Check for +5V at IC6 pin 9.	a. IC6. b. CR7, CR16, Q12. c. Q9.
6. Check for approximately +3.5V at anode CR7. Check for normal continuous mode operation.	a. CR7, Q9, Q12. b. Go to table 6-2.
7. Check that IC1 pin 6 varies from approximately −3 to −8.5V as dial is rotated from 2.0 to .002.	a. IC1, Q9, R31. b. Go to table 6-7.
8. Go to gated mode (CONT depressed, TRIG/GATE released). Check IC7 pin 2 for a TTL high.	a. IC6. b. SW9, SW11, +5V supply.
9. Check IC7 pin 1 for a TTL high.	a. IC7. b. R41, −5V supply.
10. Check IC6 pin 10 for a TTL high.	a. IC7. b. IC6.
11. Check IC6 pin 9 for TTL low.	a. IC6. b. Q12.
12. Check anode CR7 for approximately −1.5V.	a. CR16, Q12, R46. b. CR7.
13. Check cathode CR7 for approximately −0.7V.	a. IC10. b. Q9.
14. Check emitter Q15 for 0 Vdc ±100 mV.	a. R73 adjustment. b. Q13 - Q15 circuitry.
15 Connect an external TTL signal to TRIG IN connector; check for the inverse of that signal at IC6 pin 10.	a. E8, E9. b. CR14, CR15. c. IC7, SW10.
16. Depress TRIG/GATE switch and check for an approximate 20 ns negative pulse at IC6 pin 10 following the low-to-high transition of the external signal (increasing the frequency of the external generator makes this pulse more visible).	a. IC7, SW10. b. C33.
17 Remove the external signal and verify that IC6 pin 5 goes from high to low when the MAN TRIG switch is held depressed.	a. SW11. b. IC6.
18 Release the TRIG/GATE switch (gated) and check that IC6 pin 10 goes from high to low when the MAN TRIG switch is pressed.	SW9.
19. Monitor 50Ω OUT, triangle function, for 0 Vdc baseline.	R73, R78 adjustments.
20. Depress MAN TRIG switch and check 50Ω OUT for a continuous triangle while the switch is held. Depress TRIG/GATE switch (triggered) and verify a single cycle output each time the MAN TRIG switch is depressed.	a. IC6 or clock signal to IC6 from IC4. b. C33 (pulse too narrow).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POWER SUPPLY
HOT
GND
NEUT
BRN
BLU
GRN/YEL
BRACKET/HEATSINK
FRONT PANEL
VCG IN
VCG
DUAL POT
SINE CONVERTER
FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER
CAPACITANCE MULTIPLIER
BASELINE COMP
COMPARATOR
SYNC
SYNC OUT J3
TRIGGER LOGIC
TRI AMPL
SQUARE SHAPER
OUTPUT AMPL
PRE-AMP
IC9 CA3046
SYNC VARY TRIG
MATCHED PAIR (2N5485) 4998-00-0009
MATCHED SET OF (4)(499K)4789-00-0039
MATCHED PAIR (10K) 4789-00-0019
NOTE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
LAST REF DES USED:
C65 R176 IC11
CR25 Q82
DES NOT USED:
C9, C51, C11, C53
C3, C12, C41, C37
SW5-A,B-SW6-A
WAVETEK
SCHEMATIC, GENERATOR BOARD
03-00-1731
23338

SECTION 7
PARTS AND SCHEMATICS

7.1 DRAWINGS

The following assembly drawings (with parts lists) and schematics are in the arrangement shown below.

7.2 ORDERING PARTS

When ordering spare parts, please specify part number, circuit reference, board, serial number of unit, and, if applicable, the function performed.

7.3 ADDENDA

Under Wavetek's product improvement program, the latest electronic designs and circuits are incorporated into each Wavetek instrument as quickly as development and testing permit. Because of the time needed to compose and print instruction manuals, it is not always possible to include the most recent changes in the initial printing. Whenever this occurs, addendum pages are prepared to summarize the changes made and are inserted immediately inside the rear cover. If no such pages exist, the manual is correct as printed.

Drawing	Drawing No.
Instrument Schematic	0004-00-0148
Chassis Assembly	0102-00-0637
Chassis Parts List	1101-00-0637
Main Board Schematic	0103-00-0731
Main Board Assembly	0101-00-0731
Main Board Parts List	1100-00-0731

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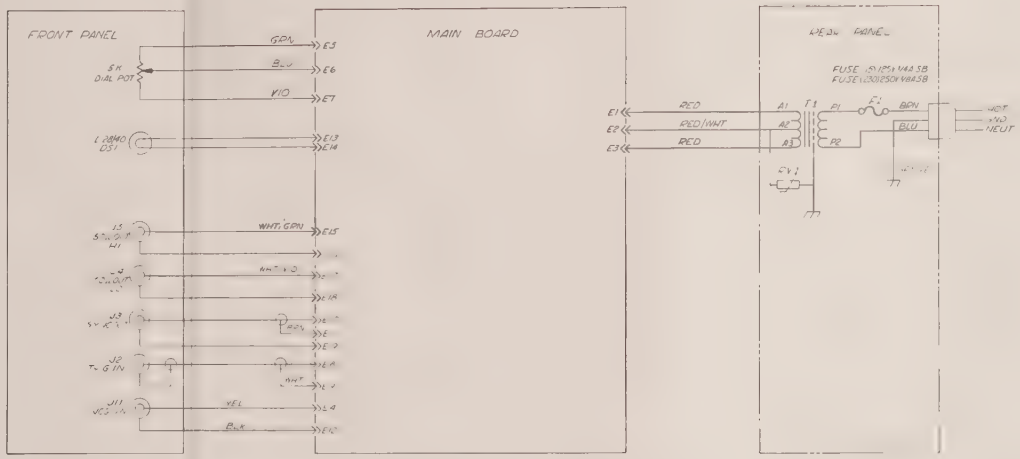

NOTE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

REMOVE ALL BURRS AND BREAK SHARP EDGES

MATERIAL

FINISH

DO NOT SCALE DWG

WAVETEK

TITLE

SCHEMA
INSTR_M

MODEL NO. 182

DWG NO. 000400-0148

CODE IDENT 23338

SHEET / OF /

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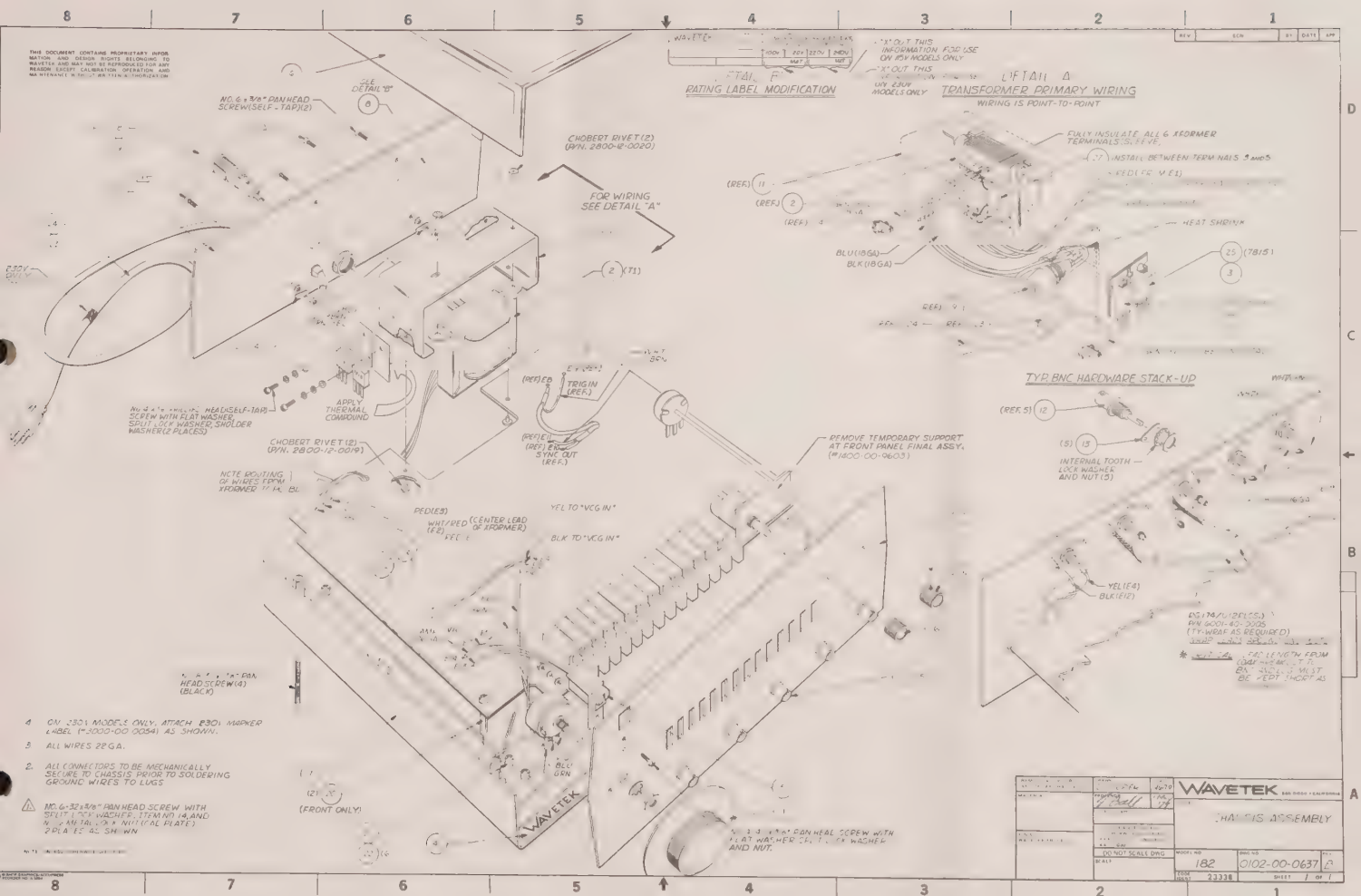
RATING LABEL MODIFICATION
DETAIL A
TRANSFORMER PRIMARY WIRING
WIRING IS POINT-TO-POINT
FULLY INSULATE ALL 6 XFORMER TERMINALS W/ SLEEVE.
INSTALL BETWEEN TERMINALS 5 AND 6
HEAT SHRINK
TYP. BNC HARDWARE STACK-UP
INTERNAL TOOTH LOCK WASHER AND NUT (5)
REMOVE TEMPORARY SUPPORT AT FRONT PANEL FINAL ASSY. (P/N 400-00-0603)
CHOBERT RIVET (2) (P/N. 2800-12-0020)
FOR WIRING SEE DETAIL "A"
NOTE ROUTING OF WIRES FROM XFORMER TO HI, LO
APPLY THERMAL COMPOUND
CHOBERT RIVET (2) (P/N. 2800-12-0019)
PEDIES) WHT/RED (CENTER LEAD OF XFORMER)
YEL TO "VCG IN"
BLK TO "VCG IN"
WAVETEK
FRONT ONLY
CHASSIS ASSEMBLY
182
0102-00-0637
DO NOT SCALE DWG.

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REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
NONE	ASSY DWG,CHASSIS	0102-00-0637	WVTK	0102-00-0637	1
1	DIAL ASSY	180-627	WVTK	1201-00-0027	1
2	TRANSFORMER	1204-00-0047	WVTK	1204-00-0047	1
3	INSULATOR,MICA	142-311	WVTK	1400-00-2280	2
4	PLATE,NAME	134-395	WVTK	1403-00-2180	1
5	INDICATOR,DIAL	180-393	WVTK	1403-00-4970	1
6	COVER,TOP	180-300-1	WVTK	1404-00-5008	1
7	COVER,BOTTOP	180-300-2	WVTK	1404-00-5030	1
8	I.D. LABEL	1400-00-9110	WVTK	1400-00-9110	1
9	FRONT PANEL	1400-01-9450	WVTK	1401-00-9450	1
10	REAR PANEL	1401-00-9483	WVTK	1401-00-9483	1
11	BRACKET,AC SHIELD	1401-00-9473	WVTK	1401-00-9473	1
12	BNC CONN	MC-7846	AMC	2100-01-0002	5
13	SOLDER LUG	1497	SMITH	2100-04-0012	5
14	SOLDER LUG	1485-8	SMITH	2100-04-0025	2
15	KNOB,SMALL	0-9-9	HUGHA	2400-01-0010	1
16	KNOB,1/4"BUSHING	KB-67-0-9-9	HUGHA	2400-01-0017	1
17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE: CHASSIS | ASSEMBLY NO: 1101-00-0637 | REV: B | PAGE 1

REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
NONE	ASSY DWG,CHASSIS	0102-00-0637	WVTK	0102-00-0637	1
1	DIAL ASSY	180-627	WVTK	1201-00-0027	1
NONE	TRANSFORMER	1204(230V)-0031	WVTK	1204-00-0031	1
3	INSULATOR,MICA	142-311	WVTK	1400-00-2280	2
4	PLATE,NAME	134-395	WVTK	1400-00-2180	1
5	INDICATOR,DIAL	180-393	WVTK	1400-00-4970	1
6	COVER,TOP	180-300-1	WVTK	1400-00-5008	1
7	COVER,BOTTOP	180-300-2	WVTK	1400-00-5030	1
8	I.D. LABEL	1400-00-9110	WVTK	1400-00-9110	1
9	FRONT PANEL	1401-00-9450	WVTK	1401-00-9450	1
10	REAR PANEL	1401-00-9483	WVTK	1401-00-9483	1
11	BRACKET,AC SHIELD	1401-00-9473	WVTK	1401-00-9473	1
12	BNC CONN	MC-7846	AMC	2100-01-0002	5
13	SOLDER LUG	1497	SMITH	2100-04-0012	5
14	SOLDER LUG	1485-8	SMITH	2100-04-0025	2
15	KNOB,SMALL	0-9-9	HUGHA	2400-01-0010	1
16	KNOB,1/4"BUSHING	KB-67-0-9-9	HUGHA	2400-01-0017	1
17	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE: [illegible] | ASSEMBLY NO: [illegible] | REV: [illegible] | PAGE 1

REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
19	FUSE HOLD	031.1653/031.1000	BCH-M	2400-05-0012	1
20	STANDOFF,MALE/FEMALE .875 H,.250 HEX,4-40	1447-02-X05-440	UNIEP	2200-02-0027	2
21	BAIL ASSY 8VFT	120-500	WVTK	2200-00-0010	1
22	SPEEDNUT,SELF RETAIN	C7494-632-4	TINN	2200-49-0003	8
23	STRAIN RELIEF BUSH	SR8A-1	HEYCO	2200-37-0003	1
27	VARISTOR	V56ZA8	GE	4749-00-0048	1
28	TRANS	T1P-30	TI	4902-00-0300	1
29	PWR CORD	0-7784-008-6F	PACPD	8001-00-0004	1
25	IC	MC78M15CT	MOT	8300-78-1500	1

WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE: CHASSIS | ASSEMBLY NO: 1101-00-0637 | REV: B | PAGE 2

REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
19	FUSE HOLD	031.1653/031.1000	BCH-M	2400-05-0012	1
20	STANDOFF,MALE/FEMALE .875 H,.250 HEX,4-40	1447-02-X05-440	UNIEP	2200-02-0027	2
21	BAIL ASSY 8VFT	120-500	WVTK	2200-00-0010	1
22	SPEEDNUT,SELF RETAIN	C7494-632-4	TINN	2200-49-0003	8
23	STRAIN RELIEF BUSH	SR8A-1	HEYCO	2200-37-0003	1
27	VARISTOR	V56ZA8	GE	4749-00-0048	1
28	TRANS	T1P-30	TI	4902-00-0300	1
29	PWR CORD	0-7784-008-6F	PACPD	8001-00-0004	1
25	IC	MC78M15CT	MOT	8300-78-1500	1

WAVETEK PARTS LIST | TITLE: CHASSIS(230V) | ASSEMBLY NO: 1101-00-0749 | REV: | PAGE 2

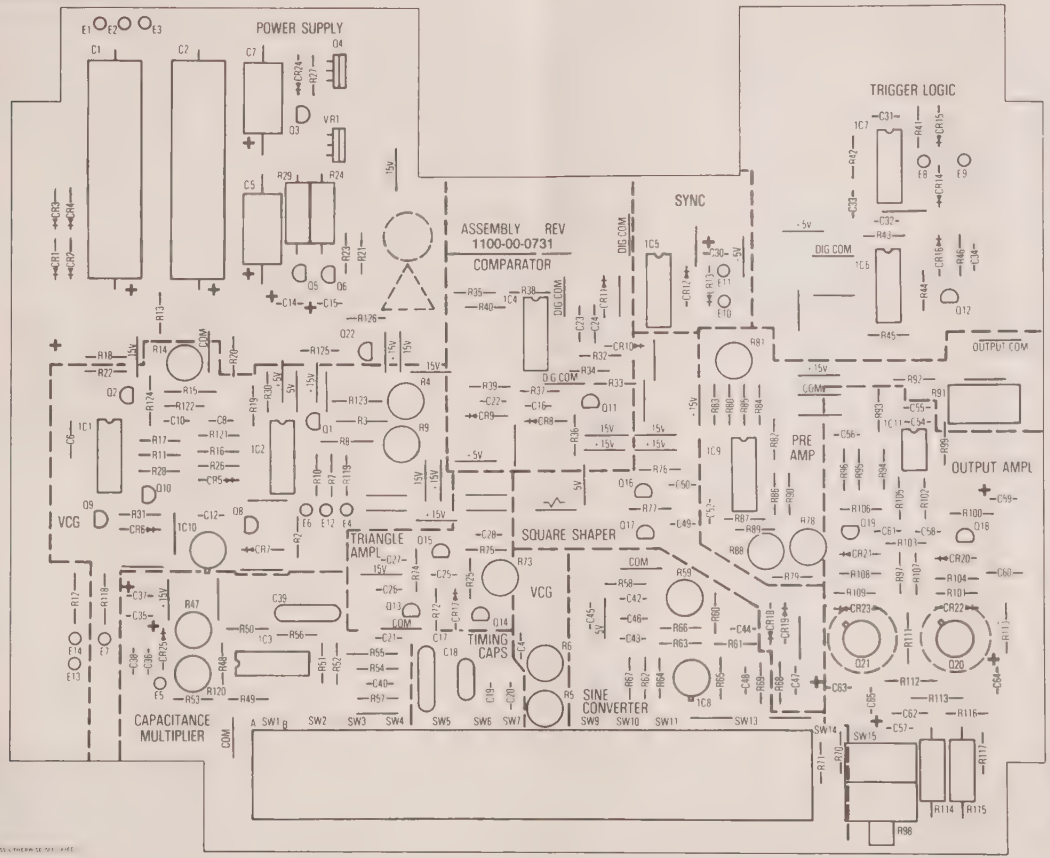
NOTE: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

REMOVE ALL BURRS AND BREAK SHARP EDGES | MATERIAL | FINISH: WAVETEK PROCESS | DRAWN | DATE | APPROVED | DO NOT SCALE DWG | SCALE

WAVETEK SAN DIEGO, CA

TITLE: PARTS LIST CHASSIS

MODEL NO.	DWG NO.	REV
182	1101-00-0637	B
CODE IDENT. 23338	SHEET 01	



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NOTE: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

WAVETEK	
TITLE	ASSEMBLY MAIN BOARD
DRWG NO.	182
1100-00-0731	E
SCALE	
CAGE CODE	23338
SHEET	

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REFERENCE DESIGNATORS	PART DESCRIPTION	DRIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
NONE	ASSY DWG,MAINBOARD	0131-00-0731	WVTK	0101-00-0731	1
NONE	SCHEMATIC,MAINBOARD	0183-00-0731	WVTK	0183-00-0731	1
C52	CAP,CER,5PF,1KV	DC-050	CML	1500-00-5011	1
C48	CAP,CER,100PF,1KV	DC-101	CML	1500-01-0111	1
C47	CAP,CER,100PF,1KV	DC-101	CML	1500-01-0111	1
C40	CAP,CER,.001MF,1KV	DC-102	AMCO	1500-01-0211	1
C3 C12 C25 C26 C27 C28 C31 C32 C34 C35 C38 C4 C43 C45 C46 C49 C50 C57 C58 C61 F	CAP,CER,.01MF,50V	CK-103	CML	1500-01-0310	41
C23 C24 C6 C60 C62	CAP,CER,.1MF,50V	CK-104	CML	1500-01-0410	5
C56	CAP,CER,.0015MF,1KV	DC-152 LONG LEAD	AMCO	1500-01-5201	1
C54	CAP,CER,30PF,1KV	DC-300	CML	1500-03-0001	1
C33	CAP,CER,330PF,1KV	CL-331	AMCO	1500-03-3111	1
C55	CAP,CER,.005MF,50V	CK-502	CPL	1500-05-0210	1
C66	CAP,MICA,100PF,500V	DM15-101J	AMCO	1500-11-0100	1
C16 C21 C22 C42	CAP,MICA,680PF,500V	DM15-681J	AMCO	1500-16-8000	4
C201	CAP,MICA,82PF,500V	DM15-820J	AMCO	1500-18-2000	1
C19	CAP,MICA,910PF,10KV,1%	DM19-911F	AMCO	1500-19-1101	1

WAVETEK PARTS LIST — TITLE: PCA,MAINBOARD — ASSEMBLY NO: 1106-00-0731 — REV: D — PAGE: 1

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS	PART DESCRIPTION	CRIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
C5 C7	CAP,ELECT,100MF,10V	500D107G010DC7	BPAG	1500-31-0101	2
C1 C2	CAP,ELECT,10CUF,35V	39D108G035GL6	BPAG	1500-31-0212	2
C18	CAP,MYLR,.01MF+50V,1%	287P103F5K3	BPAG	1500-61-0303	1
C17	CAP,MYLR,.1MF,50V,1%	287P104F5K3	BPAG	1500-61-0403	1
C30	CAP,MYLAR,.047MF100V	225P47391MD3	BPAG	1500-64-7314	1
C14 C15 C30 C35 C37 C59 C63 C64 C65	CAP,TANT,22MF,25V	196D226X0025KB1	BPAG	1500-72-2001	9
J	MAINBOARD	1700-00-0731	WVTK	1700-00-0731	1
DS1	LAMP	L28/40	PUMP	2400-02-0017	1
NONE	HEAT SINK	AP-207	WAKE	2800-11-0001	2
NONE	TRANSIPAD	10106	PETRO	2800-11-0004	2
R50 R73	POT,TRIM,10R	91AR10G	BECK	4600-01-0103	2
R5 R6	POT,TRIM,1K	91A1K	BECK	4600-01-0209	2
R120	POT,TRIM,10K	91AR10K	BECK	4600-01-0315	1
R14 R4 R78 R9	POT,TRIM,100R	91AR100R	BECK	4600-01-0402	4
R47 R81	POT,TRIM,2K	91AR2K	BECK	4600-02-0201	2
*EN	POT,TRIM,500	91AR500	BECK	4600-05-0106	1
S88	POT,SWITCH,12A	GP-1879	CTS	4602-31-0300	1

WAVETEK PARTS LIST — TITLE: PCA,MAINBOARD — ASSEMBLY NO: 1106-00-0731 — REV: D — PAGE: 2

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS	PART DESCRIPTION	CRIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
R1	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,100	RN55C-1000F	TRW	4701-01-1000	1
R2	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,150	RN55C-1500F	TRW	4701-01-1500	1
R3	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,200	RN55C-2000F	TRW	4701-01-2000	1
R4	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,249	RN55C-2490F	TRW	4701-01-2490	1
R5	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,301	RN55C-3010F	TRW	4701-01-3011	1
R6	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,348	RN55C-3480F	TRW	4701-01-3481	1
R7	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,402	RN55C-4020F	TRW	4701-01-4021	1
R8	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,499	RN55C-4990F	TRW	4701-01-4991	1
R9	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,604	RN55C-6040F	TRW	4701-01-6041	1
R10 R100 R106 R114	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,2K	RN55C-2001F	TRW	4701-01-2001	4
R11	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,2.21K	RN55C-2211F	TRW	4701-01-2211	1
R12	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,2.49K	RN55C-2491F	TRW	4701-01-2491	1
R13	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,2.74K	RN55C-2741F	TRW	4701-01-2741	1
R14	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,3K	RN55C-3001F	TRW	4701-01-3001	1
R15	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,3.32K	RN55C-3321F	TRW	4701-01-3321	1
R16	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,3.57K	RN55C-3571F	TRW	4701-01-3571	1
R17	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,3.83K	RN55C-3831F	TRW	4701-01-3831	1
R18	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,4.12K	RN55C-4121F	TRW	4701-01-4121	1
R19	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,4.42K	RN55C-4421F	TRW	4701-01-4421	1
R20	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,4.75K	RN55C-4751F	TRW	4701-01-4751	1
R21	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,5.11K	RN55C-5111F	TRW	4701-01-5111	1
R22	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,5.49K	RN55C-5491F	TRW	4701-01-5491	1
R23	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,5.9K	RN55C-5901F	TRW	4701-01-5901	1
R24	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,6.34K	RN55C-6341F	TRW	4701-01-6341	1
R25	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,6.81K	RN55C-6811F	TRW	4701-01-6811	1
R26	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,7.32K	RN55C-7321F	TRW	4701-01-7321	1
R27	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,7.87K	RN55C-7871F	TRW	4701-01-7871	1
R28	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,8.45K	RN55C-8451F	TRW	4701-01-8451	1
R29	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,9.09K	RN55C-9091F	TRW	4701-01-9091	1
R30	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,9.76K	RN55C-9761F	TRW	4701-01-9761	1
R31	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,10K	RN55C-1002F	TRW	4701-02-1002	1
R32	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,10.5K	RN55C-1052F	TRW	4701-02-1052	1
R33	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,11K	RN55C-1102F	TRW	4701-02-1102	1
R34	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,11.5K	RN55C-1152F	TRW	4701-02-1152	1
R35	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,12K	RN55C-1202F	TRW	4701-02-1202	1
R36	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,12.4K	RN55C-1242F	TRW	4701-02-1242	1
R37	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,12.7K	RN55C-1272F	TRW	4701-02-1272	1
R38	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,13K	RN55C-1302F	TRW	4701-02-1302	1
R39	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,13.3K	RN55C-1332F	TRW	4701-02-1332	1
R40	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,13.7K	RN55C-1372F	TRW	4701-02-1372	1
R41	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,14K	RN55C-1402F	TRW	4701-02-1402	1
R42	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,14.3K	RN55C-1432F	TRW	4701-02-1432	1
R43	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,14.7K	RN55C-1472F	TRW	4701-02-1472	1
R44	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,15K	RN55C-1502F	TRW	4701-02-1502	1
R45	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,15.4K	RN55C-1542F	TRW	4701-02-1542	1
R46	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,15.8K	RN55C-1582F	TRW	4701-02-1582	1
R47	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,16.2K	RN55C-1622F	TRW	4701-02-1622	1
R48 R49	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,16.5K	RN55C-1652F	TRW	4701-02-1652	2
R50	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,16.9K	RN55C-1692F	TRW	4701-02-1692	1
R51	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,17.4K	RN55C-1742F	TRW	4701-02-1742	1
R52	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,17.8K	RN55C-1782F	TRW	4701-02-1782	1
R53	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,18K	RN55C-1802F	TRW	4701-02-1802	1
R54	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,18.2K	RN55C-1822F	TRW	4701-02-1822	1
R55	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,18.7K	RN55C-1872F	TRW	4701-02-1872	1
R56	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,19.1K	RN55C-1912F	TRW	4701-02-1912	1
R57	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,19.6K	RN55C-1962F	TRW	4701-02-1962	1
R58	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,20K	RN55C-2002F	TRW	4701-02-2002	1
R59	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,20.5K	RN55C-2052F	TRW	4701-02-2052	1
R60	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,21K	RN55C-2102F	TRW	4701-02-2102	1
R61	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,21.5K	RN55C-2152F	TRW	4701-02-2152	1
R62	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,22K	RN55C-2202F	TRW	4701-02-2202	1
R63	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,22.6K	RN55C-2262F	TRW	4701-02-2262	1
R64	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,23.2K	RN55C-2322F	TRW	4701-02-2322	1
R65	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,23.7K	RN55C-2372F	TRW	4701-02-2372	1
R66	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,24.3K	RN55C-2432F	TRW	4701-02-2432	1
R67	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,24.9K	RN55C-2492F	TRW	4701-02-2492	1
R68	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,25.5K	RN55C-2552F	TRW	4701-02-2552	1
R69	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,26.1K	RN55C-2612F	TRW	4701-02-2612	1
R70	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,26.7K	RN55C-2672F	TRW	4701-02-2672	1
R71	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,27.4K	RN55C-2742F	TRW	4701-02-2742	1
R72	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,28K	RN55C-2802F	TRW	4701-02-2802	1
R73	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,28.7K	RN55C-2872F	TRW	4701-02-2872	1
R74	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,29.4K	RN55C-2942F	TRW	4701-02-2942	1
R75	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,30.1K	RN55C-3012F	TRW	4701-03-3012	1
R76	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,30.9K	RN55C-3092F	TRW	4701-03-3092	1
R77	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,31.6K	RN55C-3162F	TRW	4701-03-3162	1
R78	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,32.4K	RN55C-3242F	TRW	4701-03-3242	1
R79	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,33.2K	RN55C-3322F	TRW	4701-03-3322	1
R80	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,34K	RN55C-3402F	TRW	4701-03-3402	1
R81	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,34.8K	RN55C-3482F	TRW	4701-03-3482	1
R82	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,35.7K	RN55C-3572F	TRW	4701-03-3572	1
R83	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,36.5K	RN55C-3652F	TRW	4701-03-3652	1
R84	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,37.4K	RN55C-3742F	TRW	4701-03-3742	1
R85	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,38.3K	RN55C-3832F	TRW	4701-03-3832	1
R86	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,39.2K	RN55C-3922F	TRW	4701-03-3922	1
R87	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,40.2K	RN55C-4022F	TRW	4701-03-4022	1
R88	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,41.2K	RN55C-4122F	TRW	4701-03-4122	1
R89	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,42.2K	RN55C-4222F	TRW	4701-03-4222	1
R90	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,43.2K	RN55C-4322F	TRW	4701-03-4322	1
R91	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,44.2K	RN55C-4422F	TRW	4701-03-4422	1
R92	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,45.3K	RN55C-4532F	TRW	4701-03-4532	1
R93	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,46.4K	RN55C-4642F	TRW	4701-03-4642	1
R94	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,47.5K	RN55C-4752F	TRW	4701-03-4752	1
R95	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,48.7K	RN55C-4872F	TRW	4701-03-4872	1
R96	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,49.9K	RN55C-4992F	TRW	4701-03-4992	1
R97	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,51.1K	RN55C-5112F	TRW	4701-03-5112	1
R98	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,52.3K	RN55C-5232F	TRW	4701-03-5232	1
R99	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,53.6K	RN55C-5362F	TRW	4701-03-5362	1
R100	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,54.9K	RN55C-5492F	TRW	4701-03-5492	1
R101	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,56.2K	RN55C-5622F	TRW	4701-03-5622	1
R102	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,57.6K	RN55C-5762F	TRW	4701-03-5762	1
R103	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,59K	RN55C-5902F	TRW	4701-03-5902	1
R104	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,60.4K	RN55C-6042F	TRW	4701-03-6042	1
R105	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,61.9K	RN55C-6192F	TRW	4701-03-6192	1
R106	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,63.4K	RN55C-6342F	TRW	4701-03-6342	1
R107	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,64.9K	RN55C-6492F	TRW	4701-03-6492	1
R108	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,66.5K	RN55C-6652F	TRW	4701-03-6652	1
R109	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,68.1K	RN55C-6812F	TRW	4701-03-6812	1
R110 R111 R112 R113	RES,C,1/2W,5%,10	RC07-5-100J	AB	4700-25-0100	4
R115	RES,C,1/2W,5%,47	RC07-5-470J	AB	4700-25-0470	1
R116	RES,C,1/2W,5%,2.7K	RC07-5-272J	AB	4700-25-2720	1
R117	RES,C,1/2W,5%,68	RC07-5-680J	AB	4700-25-6800	1
R118	RES,C,1/2W,5%,180	RC07-5-181J	AB	4700-25-1800	1
R119	RES,C,1/2W,5%,360	RC07-5-361J	AB	4700-25-3600	1
R101 R109 R112 R59 R5A R72 R75	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,10K	RN55C-1002F	TRW	4701-01-1002	8
R125 R13 R30 R37 R56	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,1K	RN55C-1001F	TRW	4701-01-1001	5
R121 R122 R19 R61 R62 R63 R65 R52 R83	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,100K	RN55C-1003F	TRW	4701-03-1002	9
R54	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,100K	RN55C-1003F	TRW	4701-03-1003	1
R104 R108 R38 R51	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,10M	RN55C-1005F	TRW	4701-03-1009	4
R60	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,11K	RN55D-1102F	TRW	4701-03-1102	1
R34 R42	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,12.1K	RN55C-1212F	TRW	4701-03-1212	2
R102 R105	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,12.4K	RN55C-1242F	TRW	4701-03-1242	2
R35 R44 R48 R71 R74	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,1.5K	RN55C-1501F	TRW	4701-03-1501	5

WAVETEK PARTS LIST — TITLE: PCA,MAINBOARD — ASSEMBLY NO: 1106-00-0731 — REV: D — PAGE: 3

NOTE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

REMOVE ALL BURRS AND BREAK SHARP EDGES — MATERIAL — FINISH (MASTER FINISHES) — DRAWN — DATE — ENGINEER — RELEASE APPROV — TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ±XX .010 ANGLES ±1° XX .005 — DO NOT SCALE DWG — SCALE

WAVETEK SAN DIEGO, CA

TITLE: PARTS LIST MAIN BOARD

MODEL NO. 182 — DWG NO. 1106-00-0731 — REV. D — CAGE CODE 23338 — SHEET 1 OF 3

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REFERENCE DESIGNATORS	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
R33 R86	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,3.01K	RN55D-3011F	TRW	4701-03-3011	4
R70	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,301A	RN55D-3613F	TRW	4701-03-3013	1
R120 R40	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,316	RN55D-3160F	TRW	4701-03-3160	4
R70	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,392	RN55D-3920F	TRW	4701-03-3920	1
R107 R48	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,4.02K	RN55D-4021F	TRW	4701-03-4021	4
R25	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,40.2	RN55D-40R2F	TRW	4701-03-40R2	1
R62 R66	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,41.2K	RN55D-4122F	TRW	4701-03-4122	2
R60	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,464	RN55D-4640F	TRW	4701-03-4640	1
R63 R87	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,46.4K	RN55D-4642F	TRW	4701-03-4642	2
R116 R87 R93 R94 R95	RES,MF,1/8,1%,499	RN55D-4990F	TRW	4701-03-4990	5
R20 R97	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,4.99K	RN55D-4991F	TRW	4701-03-4991	2
R117	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,54.9	RN55C-54N9F	TRW	4701-01-5499	1
R11 R21	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,5.76K	RN55D-5761F	TRW	4701-03-5761	2
R27	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,681	RN55D-6810F	TRW	4701-03-6810	1
R59	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,7.15K	RN55D-7151F	TRW	4701-03-7151	1
R7	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,7.5K	RN55D-7501F	TRW	4701-03-7501	1
R85	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,7.87K	RN55D-7871F	TRW	4701-03-7871	1
WAVETEK PARTS LIST	TITLE PCB,MAINBOARD	ASSEMBLY NO. 1100-00-0731 PAGE 5			REV U

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
Q11 Q12 Q17 Q19 Q9	TRANS	2N3904	FAIR	4901-03-9046	5
Q16 Q18	TRANS	2N3906	FAIR	4901-03-9066	2
Q15	TRANS	2N4122	NSC	4901-04-1220	1
Q1 Q8	TRANS	2N5461	INTSL	4901-05-4610	2
Q10 Q2	TRANS	2N5486	MOT	4901-05-4860	2
Q13 Q14	TRANS,M/PK,2N5485 QTY12(4901-05-4856	142-501-53	AVTK	4998-00-0009	1
S	SWITCH ASSY PB	5103-03-002A	AVTK	5103-03-002A	1
IC3	IC	TL083CN	TI	7000-04-8300	1
IC11	IC	LP 301AN	NSC	7000-03-0100	1
IC1 IC2	IC	LM308N	NSC	7000-03-0800	2
IC10 IC8	IC	CA-3019	FAIR	7000-30-1900	2
IC9	IC	CA-3046	RCA	7000-30-4600	1
IC4	IC	SN75107AN	TI	7007-51-0700	1
IC5	IC	7400	TI	8000-74-0000	1
IC7	IC	74LS00	TI	8000-74-0010	1
IC6	IC	74L674	TI	8030-74-7410	1
WAVETEK PARTS LIST	TITLE PCB,MAINBOARD	ASSEMBLY NO. 1100-00-0731 PAGE 7			REV U

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS	PART DESCRIPTION	ORIG-MFGR-PART-NO	MFGR	WAVETEK NO.	QTY/PT
R23	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,8.87K	RN55D-8871F	TRW	4701-03-8871	1
R99	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,909	RN55D-9090F	TRW	4701-03-9090	1
R55	RES,MF,1/8W,1%,1M	RN60D-1004F	TRW	4701-13-1004	1
R114 R115	RES,MF,1W,1%,100	RN70U-1000F	TRW	4701-33-1000	4
R18 R22	RES,BL;2-10K,1/8W WT12(4701-03-1002	142-501-64A	AVTK	4709-01-0019	1
R16 R17 R24 R28	RES,BL;4-4.99K,1/8W WT1(R1N701-03-4991	120-500-1004	AVTK	4709-01-0039	1
CR24 CR25 CR5 CR6	DIODE	1N4581	PICRO	4801-03-4581	4
CR1 CR12 CR13 CR14 CR15 CR2 CR22 CR23 CR3 CR4	DIODE	SLE-1	SUPI	4801-02-0101	10
CR10 CR11 CR16 CR17 CR18 CR19 CR20 CR21 CR7 CR8 CR9	DIODE	FC-4000	FAIR	4807-42-0000	11
Q20	TRANS	2N2219A	NSC	4901-02-2191	1
Q21	TRANS	2N4058A	NSC	4901-02-4051	1
Q6	TRANS	2N3638A	CENTH	4901-03-6381	1
Q22 Q5	TRANS	2N3642	FAIR	4901-03-6420	2
Q3	TRANS	2N3963	NSC	4901-03-9630	1
WAVETEK PARTS LIST	TITLE PCB,MAINBOARD	ASSEMBLY NO. 1100-00-0731 PAGE 8			REV U

NOTE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

REMOVE ALL BURRS AND BREAK SHARP EDGES	DRAWN	DATE	WAVETEK SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA
MATERIAL	PROJECT ENGR		TITLE PARTS LIST MAIN BOARD
FINISH WAVETEK PROCESS	RELEASE APPROV		
	TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED XX.X ± .010 ANGLES ± 1° XX ± .030		MODEL NO. 182
	DO NOT SCALE DWG		DWG NO. 1100-00-0731
	SCALE		REV D
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